

d'AMICO INTERNATIONAL SHIPPING FY 2009 RESULTS

23 February 2010



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Agenda

Highlights Marco Fiori

Product Tanker Market

FY & Q4 2009 Results

Fleet Evolution & Capex Plan

Outlook



HIGHLIGHTS - 2009 Key events

Flexible and effective fleet management

- Delivery of 2 new owned vessels and 4.3 time chartered vessels of which 2 with P/O
- · 4 SLS new building vessels cancelled (GLENDA JV)

Partnership Strenghtening

- •The JV companies with Glencore (GLENDA) and Mitsubishi (DM) has started operations (4 vessels now delivered)
- •GIM & HIGH POOL operate 48 vessels, of which 22 part of DIS fleet, two of the largest pools in the product tanker market

Solid financial position

- · Strong reputation and relationships with Financial Institutions
- · Cash and credit facilities for US\$ 180 m
- Outstanding CAPEX of US\$128 m relating to the newbuilding plan mostly of which financed

Despite the current uncertain worldwide scenario, clear strategy pillars to make DIS stronger and well positioned in the product tankers market



Controlled Fleet Profile

	As	DIS Fleet As at 31 December 2009					
	MR	Handy	Total	%			
Owned	13.5	3.0	16.5	40%			
Bareboat Chartered		1.0	1.0	2%			
Time Chartered	16.0	3.0	19.0	46%			
Time Chartered through Pools	-	4.9	4.9	12%			
Total	29.5	11.9	41.4	100%			

In 2009 DIS followed its strategy of maintaining a young fleet profile of modern and flexible product tankers, for 70.8% IMO classed

- 1.Per Clarksons as at February 2010
- 2.Calculated by number of vessels

- Young Fleet with an average age of 4.5 years, compared to a product tanker industry average of 9.63 years¹
- 6 Purchase Options can be exercised, of which 3 by 2011
- All vessels are double-hull
- Fleet is in compliance with stringent requirements of oil-major companies, such as ExxonMobil, Total and Shell



2009 Key Figures

FY and Q4 2009 Results

Net Result

- FY '09 Net loss of US\$13.4 m- EPS of US\$ (0.09)
- Q4'09 Net loss of US\$9.2 m EPS of US\$ (0.06)

Operating Cash Flow

- · Cash generation of US\$18.3 m in FY'09
- · Cash burning in Q4'09 limited to US\$9.9 m

Fleet Market Value

 US\$437.0 m - Unprecedented weak operating environment affecting vessels estimated market value

Net Debt

 Sustainable level of Net debt (US\$171.4 m) with US\$92.2 m of Cash on hands



GLENDA JV: STREAMLINING OF THE KEY PARTNERSHIP WITH GLENCORE

SLS 4 VESSELS CANCELLATION

- · H2 2009 4 SLS new building contracts cancellation for excess of delay
- 2 Feb 2010 Awards for 3 of the 4 vessels: US\$
 82.6 m to be paid back to the company (US\$ 29.2 m net of the financing banks repayment)
- Very confident in the positive result of the upcoming arbitration relating to the remaining vessel

VESSELS OPERATION STARTED (10 vessels in total)

- The first new vessel was delivered in August 2009, while the second one early in February 2010. The JV company has now started operating vessels
- The remaining 8 vessels will be delivered in Q4 2010 and Q1 2011



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FY & Q4 2009 Results

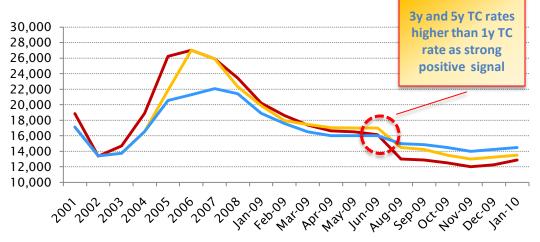
Fleet Evolution & Capex Plan

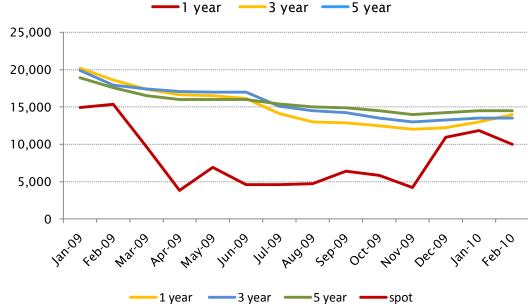
Outlook



Market Overview

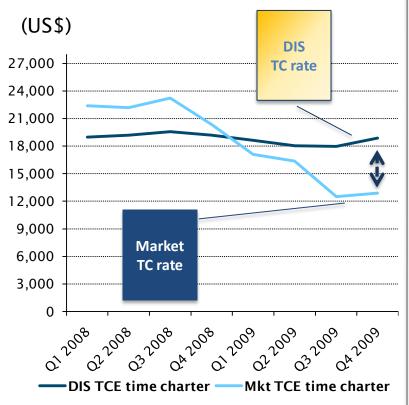
Average TC Rates for MR¹ Product Tankers (US\$)

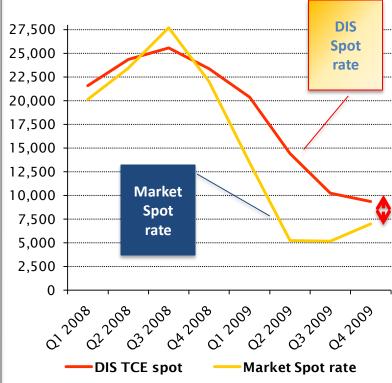




- Q4 and FY 2009 have been characterized by weak
 Product demand on the back of the Global Economic downturn
- At the end of 2009 and beginning of 2010 the improving Economic news coupled with very cold winter conditions across the Northern Hemisphere saw an increase in demand reflecting in a demand improvement for Oil products
- The best indicator of Product Tanker spot Market demand is the assessed TC rate for a 1y Charter
- According to ICAP, ACM and Clarksons this assessed rate has risen some 15-20 percent since the end of Q3 2009. These levels can not be considered high based on historical rates, however the percentage increase is significant. This in itself indicates a potential upturn in Spot market demand

DIS Daily Rates Trend





DIS significant contract book supported the over performance in the weak spot market experienced in most of 2009 DIS over performed the spot market rates trend in 2009, thanks to its access to cargoes via its strategic partnerships



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Product tanker market

FY & Q4 2009 Results Alberto Mussini

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FY and Q4 2009 Financial Results

Results

- TCE Earnings US\$ 185.6m in FY'09 and US\$ 44.4m in Q4'09
- **EBITDA** of US\$ 30.8m in FY'09 and US\$ 2.1m in Q4'09
- Net loss of US\$ 13.4m in FY'09 and US\$ 9.2m in Q4'09
- **EPS** of US\$ (0.09) in FY'09 and US\$ (0.06) 09
- Cash generation Operating cash flow of US\$ 18.3m in FY'09 despite the negative flow of US\$ 9.9m in Q4'09
- **Net Debt** as at 31 December 2009 at the low level of US\$ 171.4m, while considering the significant capital expenditure of US\$ 84.5m over FY'09

Acceptable results in a low market and unprecedented weak operating environment



Financial Results - Income Statement

Q4 2009	Q4 2008 (Restated ¹)	(US\$ million)	FY 2009	FY 2008 (Restated ¹)
44.4	63.5	TCE Earnings	185.5	251.6
(24.9)	(22.8)	Time charter hire costs	(91.3)	(82.2)
(12.1)	(11.5)	Other direct operating costs	(45.9)	(46.1)
(6.2)	(6.1)	General and administrative costs	(21.4)	(24.3)
0.9	-	Other operating Income	3.9	3.8
-	51.2	Result on disposal of vessels	-	98.4
2.1	74.2	EBITDA	30.8	201.2
(10.0)	(9.6)	Depreciation	(37.2)	(36.7)
(7.9)	64.6	EBIT	(6.4)	164.5
0.1	(7.1)	Net financial income (charges)	(5.3)	(16.1)
(1.4)	(0.0)	Income taxes	(1.7)	(0.6)
(9.2)	57.4	Net Profit /(Loss)	(13.4)	147.8

Slight increase in TCE Earnings in Q4'09 vs. previous quarter but continued weakness in Product Tanker rates affecting 2009 results and margins (EBITDA 17% on TCE in FY'09)

G&A costs saving plan (12% of decrease despite the non favourable US\$/Euro trend)

Fleet depreciation conservative policy (still 17 years) significantly influencing results

FX gain of US\$2.6m in FY'09 and US\$ 1.0 m of taxes on interests re. SLS reimbursement

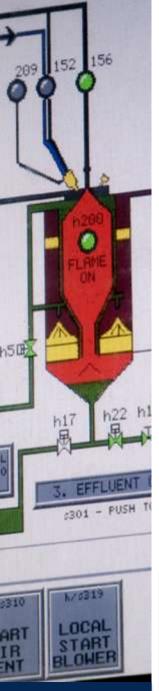
^{1. 2008} figures have been restated has a consequence of the recognition of the amount US\$ 7.3 million as a prior year adj. Relating to the H. Harmony and H. Consensus sale price reduction



Key Operating Measures	Q1 2009	Q2 2009	Q3 2009	Q4 2009	FY 2009	FY 2008
Number of vessel equivalents ¹	36.0	37.0	38.5	41.1	38.5	36.1
Fleet contract coverage²	56.0%	60.2%	54.9%	48.9%	54.8%	52%
Daily TCE earnings³ (US\$/day)	19.375	16.504	13.879	14.235	15.891	21,570
Owned vessels/total fleet (%)	41.7%	40.1%	40.3%	39.8%	40.3%	45.9%
Off-hire days/available vessel days (%)	2.5%	4.1%	2.5%	1.06%	2.5%	2.0%

Tanker market was still suffering from negative impact of very low demand and influx of new tonnage, but few signs of improvement late in Q4'09 Decrease in fixed contract coverage led to a higher average rate in Q4, mostly due to a better mix of fixed rates

- 1. Total vessel days for the period divided by number of days in the period
- . Days employed on time charters and contracts of affreightment, divided by total available vessel days
- 3. Calculation excludes time charter equivalent income and days of vessels chartered through



Statement of financial position

(US\$ Thousand)	As at 31 Dec.'09	As at 31 Dec.'08 (Restated ¹⁾
ASSETS		
Non current assets	522,717	531,275
Current assets	202,423	185,618
Total assets	725,140	716,893
LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Shareholders' equity	353,499	380,578
Non current liabilities	261,220	271,666
Current liabilities	110,421	64,649
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	725,140	716,893
<u>Of which:</u>		
Bank and other lenders	319,936	293,995
Cash and cash equivalents	148,575	151,761
Net Debt	171,360	142,234

Solid financial position despite the pressure on fleet value (no impairment needed), allowing DIS to face the market volatility

Net Debt / Equity ratio at 0.48

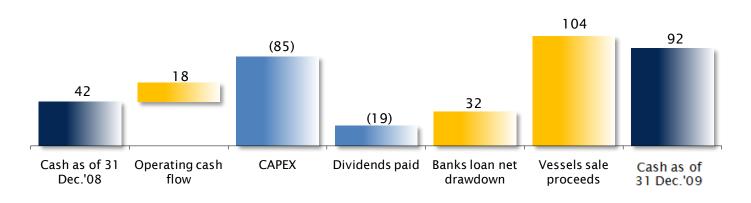
No dividend distribution, due to the transition year and still weak operating environment - keeping cash at Company level to sustain future development and solid financial position

^{1. 2008} figures have been restated has a consequence of the recognition of the amount US\$ 7.3 million as a prior year adj. Relating to the H. Harmony and H. Consensus sale price reduction



Net Debt and Cash Evolution in FY'09

(US\$ million)	31 Dec '09	30 Jun '09	31 Dec '08
Bank and other lenders	319.9	291.7	294.0
Current fin. assets	148.6	144.3	151.8
- Cash and cash equivalents	92,3	129.1	41.5
- Current fin. receivables from third parties	56.3	15.2	110.3
Net Debt	171.4	147.4	142.2



- Stable and relatively low debt
- Current financial receivables relate to the amount due in connection with the SLS Shipyard 4 vessels cancellation
- Positive cash evolution over the year, also considering the vessels sale proceeds



Cash Flow

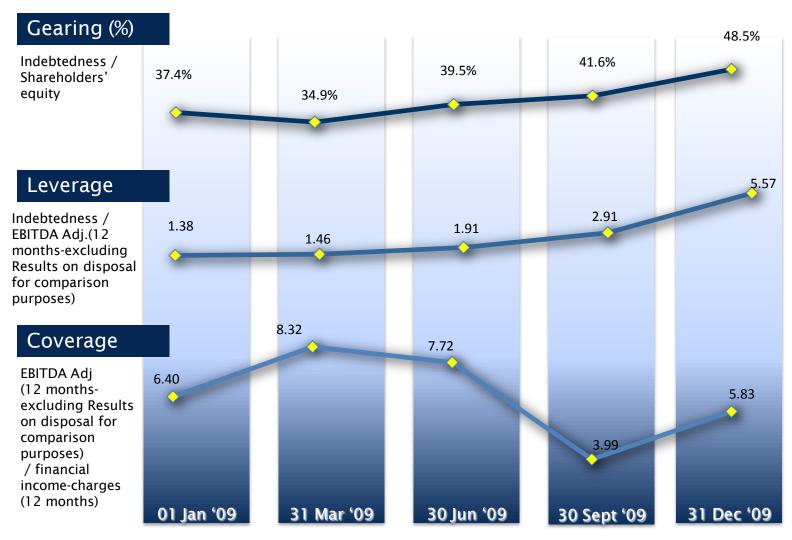
Q4 2009	Q4 2008 (Restated1)	Cash Flow (US\$ thousand)	FY 2009	FY 2008 (Restated ¹)
(9,899)	36,407	Operating Activities	18,258	102,682
(14,937)	92,494	Investing Activities	(28,677)	(31,748)
5,094	(132,641)	Financing Activities	61,180	(54,378)
(19,743)	(3,740)	Change in Cash Balance	50,761	16,556

Positive cash generation at the operating level on FY basis also in the weak '09 environment with a strong pressure on market rates

Significant level of net cash generated in FY'09 driven by disposal of vessels

^{1. 2008} figures have been restated has a consequence of the recognition of the amount US\$ 7.3 million as a prior year adj. relating to the H. Harmony and H. Consensus sale price reduction

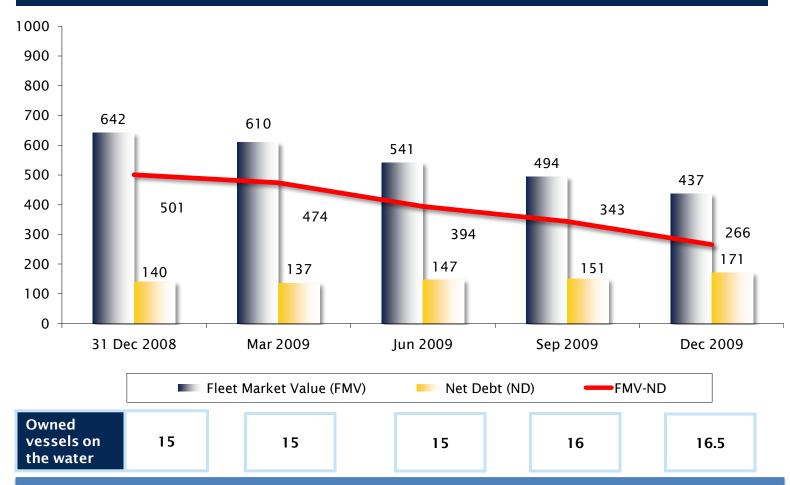
Financial ratios



Strong level of gearing driven by the sustainable level of net debt, while other ratios negatively influenced by the difficult 2009 market scenario and operating performance level

Fleet's Market Value and Net Debt

Group's Fleet Market Value and Net Financial Position (US\$ million)1



Tanker prices have fallen dramatically from 2008 highs across all tanker classes and age ranges. 2009 prices were down over 30%, on average, from 2008.

Further significant asset price erosion in 2010 not expected

^{1.} January 2010 values based on SSY estimates as at 31 December 2009. Fleet value also includes DIS' share of yard payments for vessels under construction



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Fleet Profile Evolution

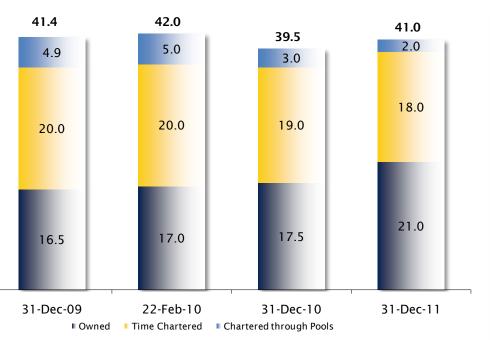
DIS' New-building Program

Year of Delivery	DIS' Interest	Total Vessels
2010	1.0	2.0
2011	3.5	7.0
Total	4.0	9.0

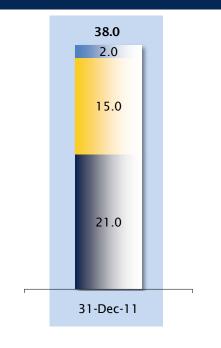
- DIS policy of steady and proper timing for growth, focusing on strong partnerships, positions the company favourably for next years
- The opportunity to not renew /extend some TC In contracts increase flexibility to face different future scenario

DIS' Vessels Controlled by Year

All extension options exercised on TC-In vessels



No extension options exercised on TC-In vessels



 ^{50%} of vessels acquired by GLENDA International Shipping.



Capex Plan

Capital Commitments (US\$ thousand)	2010	2011	Total
5 GIS Hyundai-Mipo vessels	44,250	19,435	63,685
4 GIS Hyundai-Mipo vessels	34,823	29,803	64,626
Total	79,073	49,238	128,311

- 5 MR Hyundai of GLENDA (JV with Glencore / DIS interests of 50%)
 financed by Commerzbank / Credit Suisse.
- The other 4 vessels (2 MR + 2 LR1) in process to be financed

The new building program is financed at attractive terms, with sustainable equity contributions (about 30%) already largely paid



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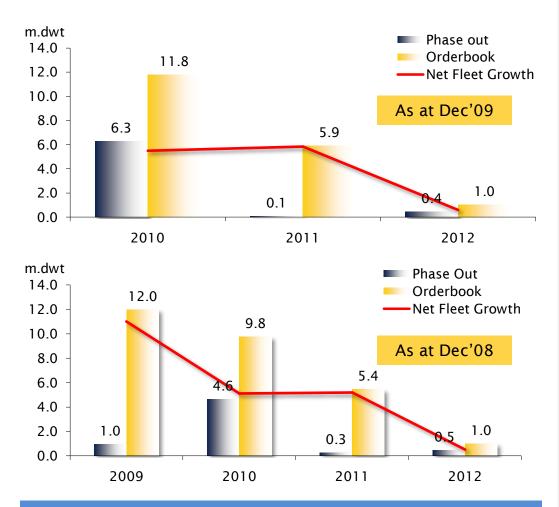
Fleet Evolution & Capex Plan

Outlook Marco Fiori



Outlook: Supply

Medium Range¹ Product Tanker Deliveries/Scrapping



Net forward growth declining. Insignificant new orders placed in 2009

MR product tankers ranging from 25,000 to 55,000 dwt. Source: Clarkson Research Services

- Not all ships ordered for 2009 have in fact been delivered. In this respect is significant the question whether or not financing has been secured for forward deliveries!
- •April 2010 is the deadline for the IMO phase out of the remaining single hull vessels from the international trade. There is speculation that some ships will be able to avoid this deadline since they could be used for trading, coastwise or for storage. This is a possibility however we believe the figure will be not meaningful
- Scrapping of Tankers in 2009 and year to date has now overtaken total for 2008 by almost fifty percent according to RS Platou



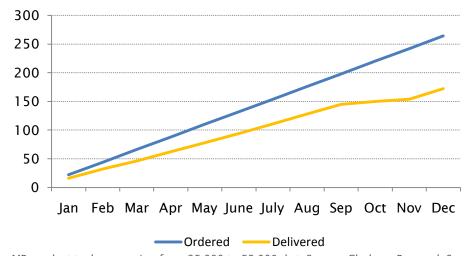
Outlook: Supply

Medium Range¹ Product Tanker Deliveries

Orderbook vs deliveries MR Tankers - 2008



Orderbook vs deliveries MR Tankers - 2009



MR product tankers ranging from 25,000 to 55,000 dwt. Source: Clarkson Research Services

- A number of ships which were scheduled to be delivered in 2009, considered one of the biggest delivery years in recent history, did not occurred and further more and from will not be delivered not even in 2010. This happened due to the fact that they have been deferred, delayed, cancelled or converted into a different ship type/size
- The number of Ships in the 25-55,000 deadweight segment that were "not Delivered" in 2009 according to SSY, Clarkson's, and ICAP Shipbrokers runs between 25 and 30 percent
- However with such a relatively large percentage we believe it is safe to assume a certain amount of these deliveries have in fact been cancelled, the options never declared or wrongly reported in first place



Outlook: Demand

Global Oil Demand (2009-2010) IEA Estimates



Global Oil Demand Growth 2008-2009-2010

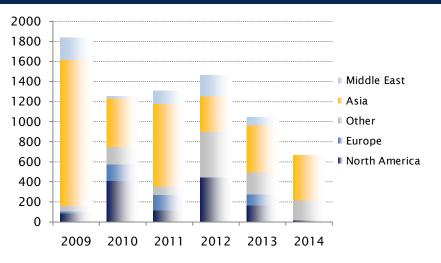


- The IEA have revised upwards global oil demand throughout 2009 and by 1.3 million barrels per day for 2010 versus the previous year. Growth continues to be driven by non-OECD countries. The IMF likewise has revised their GDP forecast positively for 2010. GDP growth now stands at +3.8% for 2010 versus an earlier estimate of +3.1%
- Forecast non-OECD oil demand has been adjusted up for both 2009 and 2010, on the back of higher economic forecasts and yet again higher-than-expected demand readings from China and other Asian countries

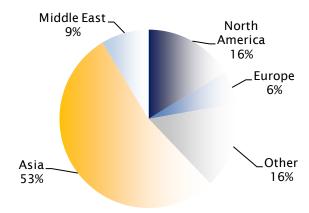


Outlook: Demand (cont'd)

Timing of refinery expansion



Crude Distillation Additions and Expansions



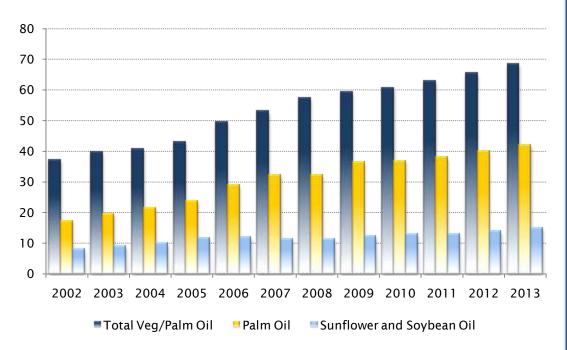
Over 50% of additional capacity in Asia

- There are still significant investments in refinery capacity in the coming years
- According to the IEA, refinery capacity is expected to increase by 8.7 million barrels per day for the period 2008-2014, of which over half is in Asia
- Refinery closures and reduced output have already occurred within 2009, predominately within the OECD. New low-cost capacity in Asia will increasingly force a rationalisation of old high-cost capacity in the west, structurally favouring more long haul products trade
- So as tonne mile demand increases this should have a positive effect on product tanker demand



Vegetable Palm Oil Business

Vegetable Oil Seaborne Trade (million tons)



Vegetable and Palm Oil is 100 percent renewable resource unlike most other commodities

- Vegetable Oil seaborne trade is set to continue growth pattern of recent years
- Plantations continue to expand. Indonesia has now overtaken the Malaysia as the largest exporter of Palm Oil products
- Consumption of Vegetable Oil and it's product is primarily used in Food production. However demand is increasing within the Energy sector
- Total Chemical seaborne trade is set to increase annually on average about 3.65% by 2013 or a total increase of 32 million tons



Outlook from the market:

J.P.Morgan

Oil Tanker Shipping

2010 Outlook: Beginning of a Recovery, Though Likely Not as Strong as Some Stocks Reflect

North America Equity Research 22 January 2010



Summary

Chemical tankers

Outlook: - Positive

Market expected to turn demand driven with improving earnings and asset values. Share prices trading at below mid-cycle EBITDA multiples and mostly with a discount to net asset value and book values, hence good risk/reward.

Morgan Stanley

January 11, 2010

Industry View

Commodity Shipping

Off to a Strong Start



Equity Research

January 25, 2010

January 15, 2010

MARINE TRANSPORTATION

Shipping 2010 Outlook

Recent Upside Reflects Improving Economy

Jefferies & Company, Inc.

Maritime Group

United States of America

Energy

Jefferies Shipping Weekly

Although we believe the crude oil tanker market is likely to remain challenging in the near-term, we believe the longer term outlook is attractive as the improving global economy is likely to cause OPEC to increase production which should stimulate crude oil tanker demand. We believe the outlook for the dry bulk shipping market remains affractive given the improving outlook for global industrial activity.



DIS's response for 2010

- 2009 proved to be one of the most testing and challenging trading environment in recent years. The uncertain Economic environment seems to an extent is now more stabilized. There is still a robust order book but this should be tempered to extent with the single hull phase out and slippage of new building due uncertain financial constraints
- Given the concern about the current Economic climate, albeit there is some improvement in Oil demand and GDP growth, the product tanker market rates could remain under pressure. 2010 is expected also to be a challenging year.
- The large and diversified number of trade lanes, product dislocation as product demand changes region to region, and positive growth in demand for Ships capable of carrying a wide range of different classified product
- The overall outlook remains still cautious, but DIS is very well positioned to maximize its potential during this period



The DIS Course

DIS strategy

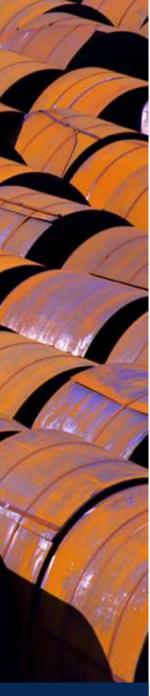
- Reaffirm the balanced business development model, keeping relevant financial resources 'on hand'
- Maintaining focus on strategic **partnerships** to gain access to cargoes, optimize vessels laden to ballast voyage ratio through triangulation, continuing to be a Key-player in alternative **commodities**, a growing & strategic market
- Enhance and develop business with established Key clients
- **External opportunities**

Fleet management

- High percentage of Revenue from fixed contracts (Coverage) with target in the range of 45%. Maintaining coverage on the higher side to protect DIS position against weak spot market conditions
- Keep a modern, young fleet and the first class 'in-house' ship management & crewing, in order to take competitive advantage being fully in compliance with the tightening of vetting and screening procedures from oil companies

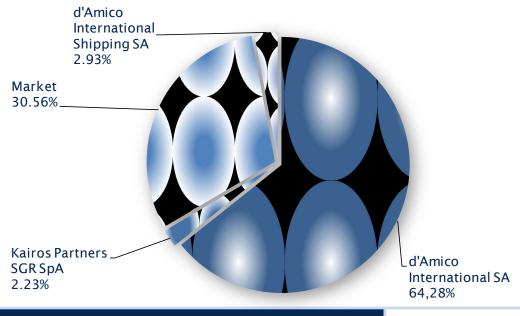


Appendix



DIS' Shareholdings Structure

Key Information on DIS' Shares

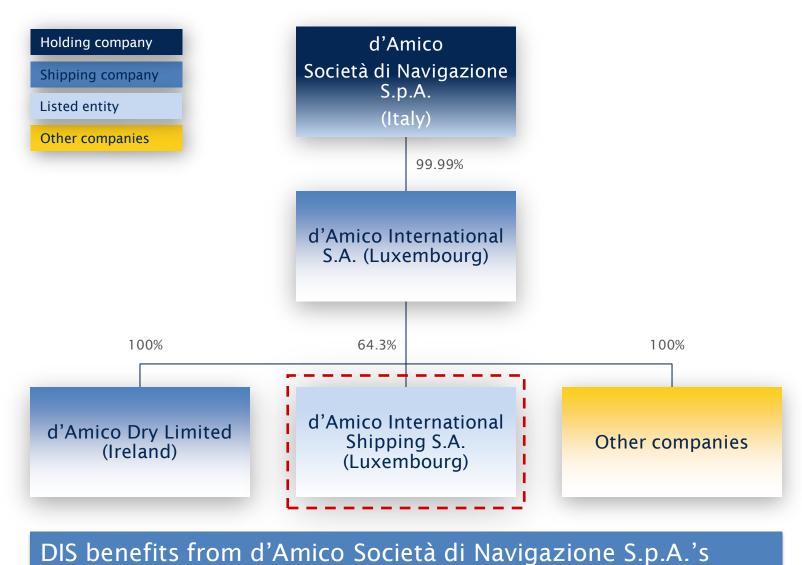


Listing Market	Borsa Italiana, STAR
No. of shares	149,949,907
Market Cap ¹	€ 197,5 million
Shares Repurchased / % of share capital	4,390,495 / 2.93%



d'Amico's Group Structure

technical management and crewing services





DIS' Current Fleet Overview

MR FLEET

Name of vessel	Tonnage (dwt)	Year Built	Builder, Country	Flag	Classification Society	Interest ¹	IMO Classified
Owned							
GLENDA Meredith ³	46,000	2010	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Lloyds	50%	IMO III
High Strength ²	46,592	2009	Nakai Zosen, Japan	Panama	NKK	100%	-
High Efficiency ²	46,547	2009	Nakai Zosen, Japan	Panama	NKK	100%	•
GLENDA Megan ³	47,000	2009	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Lloyds	50%	IMO III
High Venture	51,087	2006	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Presence	48,700	2005	Imabari, Japan	Liberia	NKK	100%	
High Priority	46,847	2005	Nakai Zosen, Japan	Liberia	NKK	100%	-
High Progress	51,303	2005	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Performance	51,303	2005	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Valor	46,975	2005	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Courage	46,975	2005	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Endurance	46,992	2004	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Endeavour	46,992	2004	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Challenge	46,475	1999	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Spirit	46,473	1999	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III
High Wind	46,471	1999	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	100%	IMO III

- 1.DIS' economic interest
- 2. DM shipping' vessel, owned by DIS for 51% and by Mitsubishi for the remaining 49%. Vessel in Time Charter to DIS operating subsidiary d'Amico Tankers Ltd from DM Shipping for 100%
- 3. GLENDA's vessel

Time chartered with purchase option	Tonnage (dwt)	Year Built	Builder, Country	Flag	Classification Society	IMO Classified
High Enterprise	45,800	2009	Shin Kurushima, Japan	Panama	NKK	IMO III
High Pearl	46,000	2009	Imabari, Japan	Singapore	NKK	-
High Prosperity	48,711	2006	Imabari, Japan	Singapore	NKK	·
High Century	48,676	2006	Imabari, Japan	Hong Kong	NKK	•
High Nefeli	45,976	2003	STX, South Korea	Greece	ABS	IMO III
Time charter without purchase option						
High Force	52,000	2009	Shin Kurushima, Japan	Singapore	NKK	
High Saturn	51,149	2008	STX, South Korea	Hong Kong	NKK	IMO III
High Mars	51,149	2008	STX, South Korea	Hong Kong	NKK	IMO III
High Mercury	51,149	2008	STX, South Korea	Hong Kong	NKK	IMO III
High Jupiter	51,149	2008	STX, South Korea	Hong Kong	NKK	IMO III
High Glory	45,700	2006	Minami Nippon, Japan	Panama	NKK	-
High Glow	46,846	2006	Nakai Zosen, Japan	Panama	NKK	
High Trader	45,879	2004	Shin Kurushima, Japan	Phillipines	BV	-
High Energy	46,874	2004	Nakai Zosen, Japan	Panama	NKK	•
High Power	46,874	2004	Nakai Zosen, Japan	Panama	NKK	



DIS' Current Fleet Overview (cont'd)

HANDYSIZE DIRECT

Name of vessel	Tonnage (dwt)	Year built	Builder, Country	Flag	Classification Society	IMO Classified
Owned						
Cielo di Salerno	36,032	2002	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	IMO III
Cielo di Parigi	36,032	2001	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	IMO III
Cielo di Londra	35,985	2001	STX, South Korea	Liberia	RINA and ABS	IMO III
Bare boat without purchase option	n					
Cielo di Guangzhou	38,877	2006	Guangzhou, China	Italy	RINA and ABS	-
Time charter without purchase o	ption					
Cielo di Roma	40,081	2003	Shina, South Korea	Italy	RINA and ABS	IMO III
Cielo di Milano	40,096	2003	Shina, South Korea	Italy	RINA and ABS	IMO III
Cielo di Napoli	40,083	2002	Shina, South Korea	Italy	RINA and ABS	IMO III

HANDYSIZE INDIRECT

Name of vessel	Tonnage (dwt)	Year built	Builder, Country	Flag	Classification Society	Interest ¹	IMO Classified						
Time charter without purchase option													
Handytanker Liberty	34,620	2006	Dalian, China	Marshall Islands	LLOYDS	100%	IMO III						
Tevere	37,178	2005	Hyundai, South Korea	Marshall Islands	DNV	50%	IMO III						
Fox	37,025	2005	Hyundai, South Korea	Marshall Islands	DNV	50%	IMO III						
Elbtank Denmark	37,274	2002	Hyundai, South Korea	Marshall Islands	DNV	50%	IMO III						
Torm Ohio	37,999	2001	Hyundai, South Korea	Marshall Islands	DNV	50%	IMO III						
Time charter with purchase option													
Malbec	38,499	2008	Guangzhou, China	Marshall Islands	DNV	100%	IMO III						
Handytankers Marvel	38,603	2008	Guangzhou, China	Marshall Islands	DNV	100%	IMO III						



DIS' New Building Program

Name of vessel /	Estimated tonnage (dwt)	MR/Handysize	Estimated delivery date	Builder, Country	Flag ²	Classification Society ²	Interest ¹	IMO Classified
Owned								
2186 - GLENDA Melanie	47,000	MR	October 2010	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III
2187 - GLENDA Melody	47,000	MR	January 2011	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III
2201 - GLENDA Meryl	47,000	MR	February 2011	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III
2292 - GLENDA TBN	74,000	LR1	January 2011	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III
2164 - GLENDA Myrna	47,000	MR	February 2011	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III
2293 - GLENDA TBN	74,000	LR1	February 2011	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III
2188 - GLENDA Michiko	47,000	MR	March 201 1	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III
2202 - GLENDA Melissa	47,000	MR	March 2011	Hyundai MIPO, South Korea	Liberia	Intention Lloyds	50%	IMO III

- 1. Denotes economic interest (for the owned vessels it refers to the joint venture companies DM and Glenda)
- Most Likely
- 3. DM shipping' vessel, owned by DIS for 51% and by Mitsubishi for the remaining 49%. Vessel in Time Charter to DIS operating subsidiary d'Amico Tankers Ltd from DM Shipping for 100%